## Edexcel GCE

## Core Mathematics C2 <br> Advanced Subsidiary

## Logarithms

## Materials required for examination <br> Items included with question papers <br> Mathematical Formulae (Pink or Green) <br> Nil

## Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
You must show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner.
Answers without working may not gain full credit.

1. Solve
(a) $5^{x}=8$, giving your answer to 3 significant figures,
(3)
(b) $\log _{2}(x+1)-\log _{2} x=\log _{2} 7$.
2. Solve the equation $5^{x}=17$, giving your answer to 3 significant figures.
3. (a) Find, to 3 significant figures, the value of $x$ for which $5^{x}=7$.
(b) Solve the equation $5^{2 x}-12\left(5^{x}\right)+35=0$.
4. (i) Write down the value of $\log _{6} 36$.
(ii) Express $2 \log _{a} 3+\log _{a} 11$ as a single logarithm to base $a$.
(3)
5. (a) Find, to 3 significant figures, the value of $x$ for which $8^{x}=0.8$.
(b) Solve the equation

$$
\begin{equation*}
2 \log _{3} x-\log _{3} 7 x=1 \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

6. Given that $a$ and $b$ are positive constants, solve the simultaneous equations

$$
\begin{gathered}
a=3 b \\
\log _{3} a+\log _{3} b=2 .
\end{gathered}
$$

Give your answers as exact numbers.
(6)
7. (a) Find the value of $y$ such that

$$
\begin{equation*}
\log _{2} y=-3 . \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(b) Find the values of $x$ such that

$$
\frac{\log _{2} 32+\log _{2} 16}{\log _{2} x}=\log _{2} x .
$$

8. Given that $0<x<4$ and

$$
\log _{5}(4-x)-2 \log _{5} x=1,
$$

find the value of $x$.
(6)
9. Find, giving your answer to 3 significant figures where appropriate, the value of $x$ for which (a) $3^{x}=5$,
(b) $\log _{2}(2 x+1)-\log _{2} x=2$.

