Surname

Other Names

## AS/A Level Mathematics The Factor Theorem and Algebraic Division

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

## Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled..
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.

Answers without working may not gain full credit.

• Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

## Information

- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

## **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

1

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 7x^2 - 17x + 10$$

Use the factor theorem and division to factorise f(x) completely.

(Total for question 1 is 6 marks)

(Total for question 2 is 6 marks)

2

$$g(x) = 4x^3 - 8x^2 - 35x + 75$$

(a) Use the factor theorem to show that (x + 3) is a factor of g(x)

**(2)** 

**(4)** 

(b) Hence show that g(x) can be written in the form  $g(x) = (x + 3)(ax + b)^2$ , where a and b are constants to be found.

3

$$f(x) = x^3 + 6x^2 + px + q$$

Given that f(4) = 0 and f(-5) = 36

(3)

- (a) Find the values of p and q
- (b) Factorise f(x) completely.

(4)

(Total for question 3 is 7 marks)

4

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - x^2 - 13x + 14$$

(a) Use the factor theorem to show that (x-2) is a factor of f(x)

(2)

(b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation  $2x^3 - x^2 - 13x + 14 = 0$  giving your answers to 2 decimal places where appropriate (5)

(Total for question 4 is 7 marks)

5

$$f(x) = x^3 + kx - 2$$

(a) Given that (x-2) is a factor of f(x) find the value of k

(2)

(b) Solve the equation f(x) = 0

**(4)** 

(Total for question 5 is 6 marks)

6

$$f(x) = x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x - 15$$

(a) Use the factor theorem to show that x = -3 is a solution to f(x) = 0

(2)

(b) Find the other solutions to the equation f(x) = 0 giving your answers to 2 decimal places

**(5)** 

(Total for question 6 is 7 marks)