Name:

# GCSE (1-9) <br> Algebraic Fractions 

## Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.


## Information

- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.


## Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end

1 Simplify fully $\frac{x^{2}+5 x}{x^{2}+7 x+10}$

2 Simplify fully $\frac{x^{2}-x-12}{x^{2}-9 x+20}$

3 Simplify fully $\frac{3 x^{2}+9 x}{x^{2}-9}$

4 Simplify fully $\frac{x+4}{x^{2}-16}$

5 Write $\frac{3 x^{2}+11 x-4}{x^{2}+3 x-4}$ in the form $\frac{a x+b}{x+c}$ where $a, b$, and $c$ are integers.

6 Write $\frac{x^{2}+7 x-18}{2 x^{2}-x-6}$ in the form $\frac{x+a}{b x+c}$ where $a, b$, and $c$ are integers.

7 Simplify fully $\frac{3 x+6}{x-4} \div \frac{2 x^{2}+9 x+10}{x^{2}-4 x}$
$\qquad$

8 Simplify fully $\frac{2 x-2}{x+5} \div \frac{x^{2}-4 x+3}{2 x^{2}+13 x+15}$
$\qquad$

9 Solve $\frac{8}{x+3}+\frac{3}{x+8}=1$

10 Solve $\frac{8}{3 x-2}+\frac{6}{x+1}=2$

11 Solve $\frac{2}{5-x}+\frac{3}{x+7}=1$

12 Solve $\frac{7}{x+1}-\frac{4}{3 \mathrm{x}-2}=1$

13 Given that

$$
2 x+1: x+2=x+8: 3 x-4
$$

Find the possible values of $x$.

14 Given that

$$
x-1: 2 x-3=x+2: 3 x-2
$$

Find the possible values of $x$.

15 Given that

$$
x+9: 5 x-1=x+7: 2 x-3
$$

Find the possible values of $x$.

16 Given that

$$
5-3 x: 9-x=3 x+7: 4-x
$$

Find the possible values of $x$.

