Name:

GCSE (1 - 9)

Inequalities Regions

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- · You must show all your working out.

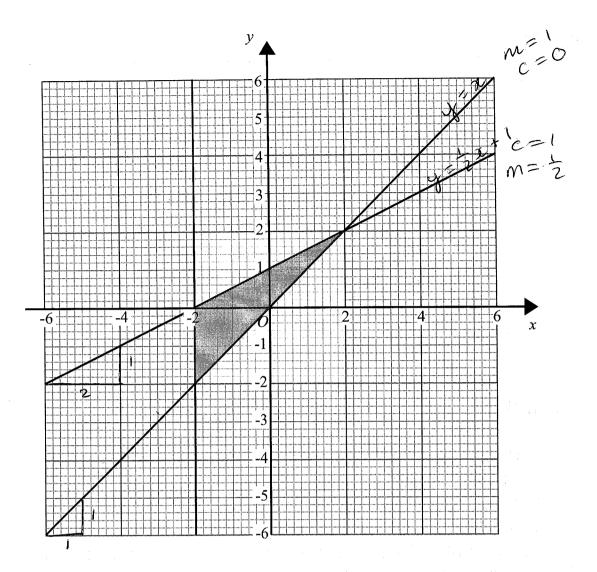
Information

- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end





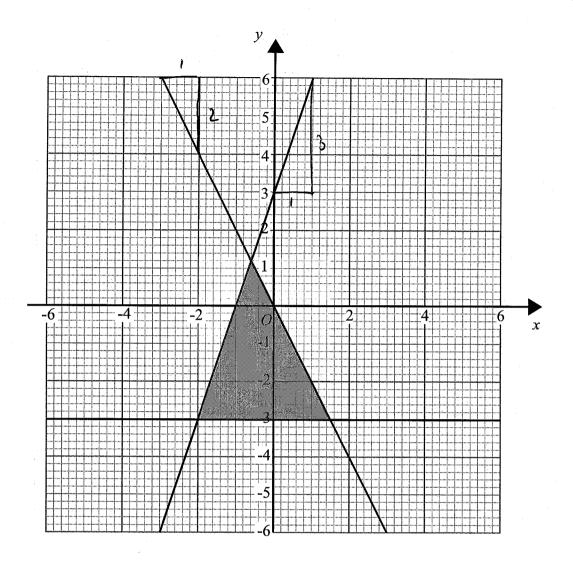
Write down the three inequalities that define the shaded region

$$\frac{x}{y} - 2$$

$$\frac{y}{x} \propto$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x + 1$$

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)



Write down the three inequalities that define the shaded region

$$y \ge -3$$

$$c = 3$$

$$c = 0$$

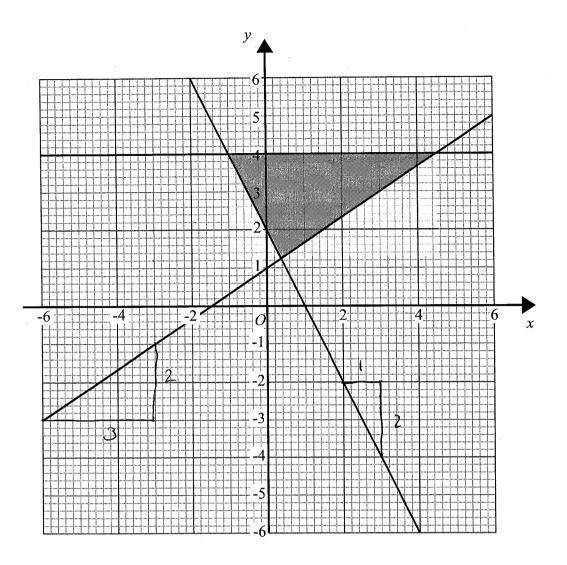
$$y \le 3z + 3$$

$$y \le -2x$$

$$y \geqslant -3$$

$$y \leqslant 3x + 3$$

$$y \leqslant -2x$$
(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)



Write down the three inequalities that define the shaded region

$$y \le 4 \qquad m = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$c = 1$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$$

$$y \ge \frac{2}{3}x + 1$$

$$m = -2$$

$$C = 2$$

$$y = -2x + 2$$

$$y > -2x + 2$$

$$y \le 4$$

$$y \ge \frac{2}{3} \times + 1$$

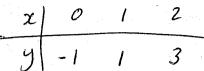
$$y \ge -2 \times + 2$$
(Total for Question 3 is 4 marks)

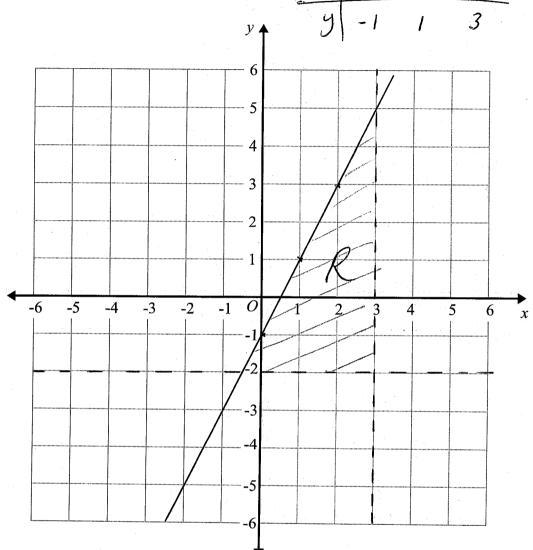
4 On the grid shade the region that satisfies all these inequalities

$$y > -2$$

$$y \le 2x - 1$$

Label the region R.





5 On the grid shade the region that satisfies all these inequalities

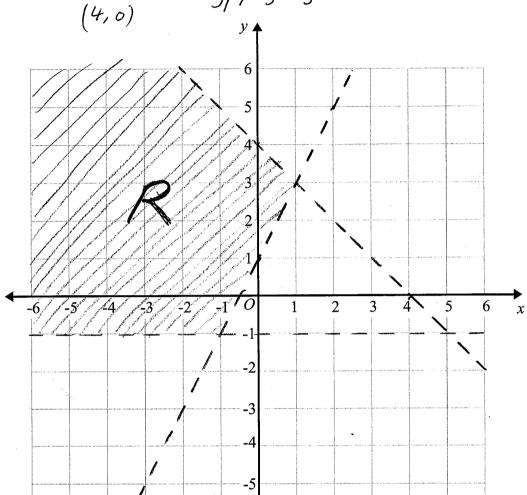
$$x + y < 4$$

$$y > 2x + 1$$

$$y > -1$$

Label the region **R**.
$$(\mathcal{O}, 4)$$

$$\frac{x/0/2}{9/135}$$



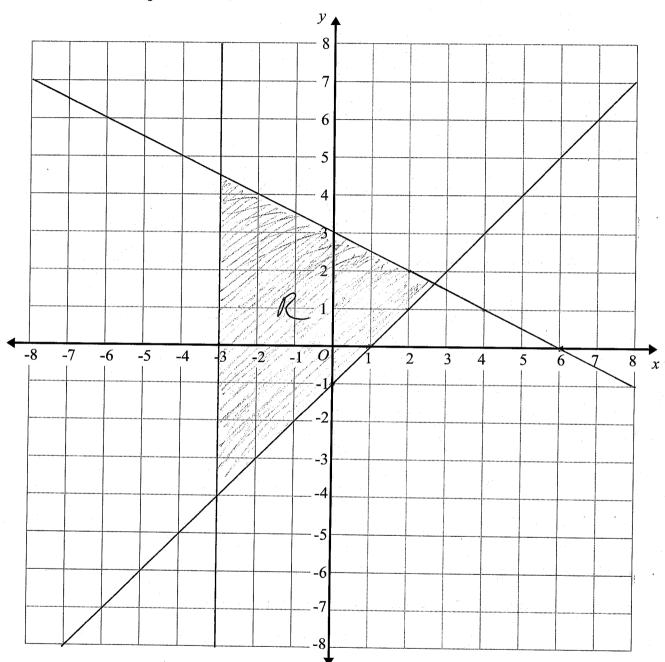
On the grid shade the region that satisfies all these inequalities

$$y \ge x - 1$$

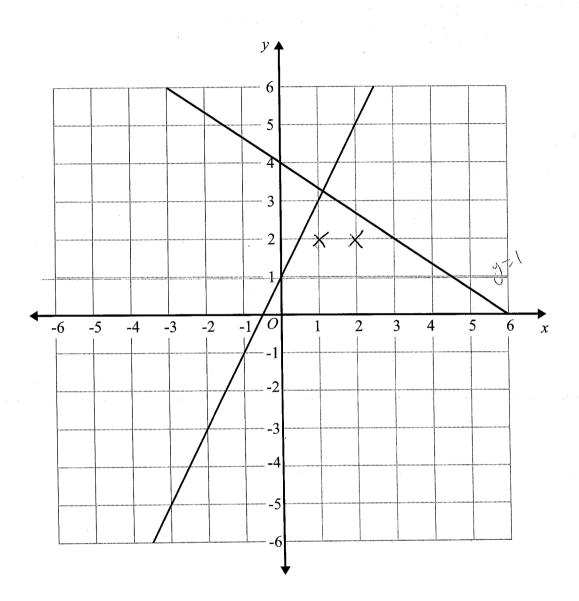
$$x \le 6 - 2y \qquad \qquad x \ge -3$$

$$x \ge -3$$

Label the region R.
$$\frac{\chi \mid 0 \mid 1 \mid 2}{y \mid -1 \mid 0 \mid 1} = \frac{y \mid 0 \mid 1 \mid 2}{x \mid 6 \mid 4 \mid 2}$$



7 The graphs of the straight lines with equations y = 2x + 1 and 3y + 2x = 12 have been drawn on the grid.



x and y are both integers.

Mark with a cross (×) all of the points that satisfies all the inequalities

$$y < 2x + 1$$

$$3y + 2x < 12$$