Name:

# GCSE (1-9) <br> Compound Measures 

## Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.


## Information

- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.


## Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end

1 A sprinter runs a distance of 200 metres in 25 seconds.
Work out the average speed of the sprinter.
$\qquad$ m/s

2 A block exerts a force of 120 Newtons on the ground.
The block has an area of $2 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
Work out the pressure on the ground.

$$
\text { pressure }=\frac{\text { force }}{\text { area }}
$$

$\qquad$ $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$

3 A piece of gold has a mass of 760 grams and a volume of $40 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
Work out the density of the piece of gold.
$\qquad$ $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$

4 A rock has a mass of 56 grams and a density of 3.5 grams $/ \mathrm{cm}^{3}$.
Work out the volume of the rock.
$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$

5 A car travels a distance of 230 miles in 4 hours and 15 minutes.
Work out the average speed of the car, in miles per hour.
Give your answer to 1 decimal place.
miles/hour

6 A block exerts a force of 84 Newtons on a table.
The pressure on the table is $30 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$.
Work out the area of the box that is in contact with the table.

$$
\text { pressure }=\frac{\text { force }}{\text { area }}
$$

$\mathrm{m}^{2}$
$7 \quad$ A liquid has a density of 1.3 grams per ml .
Find the mass of 250 ml of the liquid.
g

8 Dani leaves her house at 0800 .
She drives 63 miles to work.
She drives at an average speed of 27 miles per hour.
At what time does Dani arrive at work?

9 Anthony travels from Newcastle to Manchester at an average speed of 65 miles per hour. The journey takes him 2 hours and 15 minutes.

Declan makes the same journey in 2 hours and 35 minutes.
(a) Work out Declan's average speed for the journey.
(b) If Declan took different roads than Anthony, how could this affect your answer to part (a)?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

10 Rachel drives 300 miles from London to Newcastle.
She drives the first 165 miles at an average speed of 60 mph .
From this point it takes Rachel 3 hours and 15 minutes to complete her journey.
What was Rachel's average speed for the whole journey?
mph

11 Andrew ran 3.1 miles in 14 minutes and 35 seconds.
He assumes he can run 8 miles at the same speed.
(a) Work out how long it would take Andrew to run 8 miles.

Give your answer in minutes and seconds to the nearest second.
$\qquad$ mins $\qquad$ secs

Andrew's speed actually decreases the further he goes.
(b) How does this affect your answer to part (a)?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

12 Liquid $\mathbf{A}$ has a density of $1.2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$
$150 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of Liquid $\mathbf{A}$ is mixed with some of Liquid $\mathbf{B}$ to make Liquid $\mathbf{C}$.
Liquid $\mathbf{C}$ has a mass of 210 g and a density of $1.12 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$
Find the density of Liquid B.
$\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$
$13 \quad 100 \mathrm{ml}$ of liquid A and 200 ml of liquid B are mixed together to make liquid C .
Liquid A has a density of $0.7 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$.
Liquid $B$ has a density of $1.1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$.
Work the density of liquid C.
$\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{ml}$

