Name:

GCSE (1 – 9)

Probability and Relative Frequency

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.

Information

- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end

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1	The probability that a biased dice will land on a 6 is 0.3	
	The dice is going to be rolled 200 times.	
	Work out an estimate for the number of times the dice will land	d on 6.
		(Total for question 1 is 2 marks)
2	The probability that a sunflower seed will germinate is 0.9	
	Alan is going to plant 50 sunflower seeds.	
	Work out an estimate for the number of seeds that will germinate	ate.
		(Total for question 2 is 2 marks)
3	The probability that Frank scores a penalty is 0.86	
	Frank is going to take 50 penalties	
	Work out an estimate for the number of times Frank will score	
		(Total for question 3 is 2 marks)
4	The probability that Matt scores a penalty is 0.96	
	Matt is going to take 25 penalties.	
	Work out an estimate for the number of times Matt will score.	
		(Total for question 4 is 2 marks)

	Colour	Red	Blue	Wh	nite
	Probability	0.5	0.3		
omplete	the table to show the p	probability that	counter will b	e white.	
				(Total f	or question 5 i
n a box th	ere are only black per	ns, blue pens an	d green pens		
	ken at random from th	-	8 1		
-	shows the probability		a black and bl		
		_	-		
	Colour Drob ability	Black 0.64	Blue 0.24	Gre	een
	Probability	0.04	0.24		
Complete	the table to show the p	probability that	pen will be gr	een.	
A biased s The table s	pinner can land on red	l, blue, yellow a	and green. er will land on	(Total fo	
A biased sports of the table sports of table sport	pinner can land on red	l, blue, yellow a s that the spinn Blu	and green. er will land on 1e Y	(Total fo	

	Colour	Red	Blue	White	
	Probability				
omplete th	ne table to show the p	probabilities of	the counter being	red, blue or v	vhite.
1	1		c	,	
				(Total for qu	estion 8 i
a bag the	re are only black cou	inters, white co	ounters and red co	inters.	
counter is	s taken at random fro	om the bag.			
i në tablë si	nows the probability				
	Colour	Black	White	Red	
	Probability	$\frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{3}{5}$		
~					
complete ti	ne table to show the j	probabilities of	the counter being	red.	
				(Total for qu	estion 9 i
	inner can land on rec			` 	estion 9 i
	inner can land on rec nows the probabilitie			` 	estion 9 i
	nows the probabilitie	s that the spinr	ner will land on re	l and yellow.	estion 9 i
The table sh	nows the probabilitie	s that the spinr Bl	ner will land on red	l and yellow.	
he table sh Colo Prob	nows the probabilitie ur Red	s that the spin Bl	ue Yello	and yellow.	reen

Colour	Red	Blue		Yellow	Green	
Probab	ility 0.3	0.25		0.15		
(a) Complete t	he table.				/	
Celly is going	to spin the spinner	60 times				
			.1 •		1	
b) work out a	n estimate for the	number of times	the spinner	r will land C	on red.	
n a bag there a	ure only red counter	ers, blue counters	and white		for question 1	<u>1 is 4</u>
A counter is tal	ken at random from the probability of	n the bag. of getting a red co	ounter.	counters.		<u>1 is 4</u>
A counter is tal	cen at random from rs the probability of Colour	n the bag. of getting a red co Red		counters.	for question 1	<u>1 is 4</u>
A counter is tal The table show	cen at random from rs the probability of Colour Probability	n the bag. of getting a red co Red 0.2	ounter. Blue	w	/hite	
A counter is tal The table show	cen at random from rs the probability of Colour	n the bag. of getting a red co Red 0.2	ounter. Blue	w	/hite	
A counter is tal The table show	Ken at random from ys the probability ofColourProbabilityv of getting a blue	n the bag. of getting a red co Red 0.2	ounter. Blue	w	/hite	
A counter is tal The table show	Ken at random from ys the probability ofColourProbabilityv of getting a blue	n the bag. of getting a red co Red 0.2	ounter. Blue	w	/hite	
A counter is tal The table show	Ken at random from ys the probability ofColourProbabilityv of getting a blue	n the bag. of getting a red co Red 0.2	ounter. Blue	w	/hite	
A counter is tal The table show	Ken at random from ys the probability ofColourProbabilityv of getting a blue	n the bag. of getting a red co Red 0.2	ounter. Blue	w	/hite	
A counter is tal The table show The probability a) Complete t	Ken at random from ys the probability ofColourProbabilityv of getting a blue	n the bag. of getting a red co Red 0.2 counter is the same	ounter. Blue	w	/hite	
A counter is tal The table show The probability (a) Complete t There are 18 re	Ken at random from vs the probability of Colour Probability v of getting a blue he table.	n the bag. of getting a red co Red 0.2 counter is the sat	Blue Blue ne as the pr	w	/hite	
A counter is tal The table show The probability (a) Complete t There are 18 re	Ken at random from from the probability of the probability Colour Probability v of getting a blue the table.	n the bag. of getting a red co Red 0.2 counter is the sat	Blue Blue ne as the pr	w	/hite	

Num	ber	1	2	3		4
Prob	ability		0.32			0.17
The probabi and on 3.	lity that the sp	oinner will land	d on 1 is twice	e the probab	oility that the	e spinner wi
(a) Complet	te the table.					
fohnny is go	ing to spin th	e spinner 200	times.			
b) Work ou	it an estimate	for the numbe	r of times the	spinner wil	l land on 2.	
					 (Total for q	uestion 13
Гhe table sh	ows the proba	bilities that a	biased dice wi			
The table sh Number	ows the proba	bilities that a	biased dice wi			
	1			ll land on 1	, on 2, on 3,	on 5 and o
Number	1	2	3	ll land on 1	, on 2, on 3,	on 5 and or 6
Number Probabilit	1	2 0.2	3	ll land on 1	, on 2, on 3,	on 5 and or 6
Number Probability The dice is r	1 y 0.14 olled 200 tim	2 0.2	3 0.08	ll land on 1 4	, on 2, on 3, 5 0.13	on 5 and or 6
Number Probability The dice is r	1 y 0.14 olled 200 tim	2 0.2 es.	3 0.08	ll land on 1 4	, on 2, on 3, 5 0.13	on 5 and or 6
Number Probability The dice is r	1 y 0.14 olled 200 tim	2 0.2 es.	3 0.08	ll land on 1 4	, on 2, on 3, 5 0.13	on 5 and or 6
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Number Probability	1 y 0.14 olled 200 tim	2 0.2 es.	3 0.08	ll land on 1 4	, on 2, on 3, 5 0.13	on 5 and or 6
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Number Probability	1 y 0.14 olled 200 tim	2 0.2 es.	3 0.08	ll land on 1 4	, on 2, on 3, 5 0.13	on 5 and or 6

15 In a box there are only red pens, blue pens, black pens and green pens.

A pen is taken at random from the box.

The table shows the probabilities that the pen will be red or will be green.

Colour	Red	Blue	Black	Green
Probability	0.42			0.14

The probability that the pen will be black is three times the probability that the pen will be blue.

There are 28 green pens in the box.

Work out the number of black pens in the box.

(Total for question 15 is 4 marks)

16 In a bag there are only red counters, blue counters, green counters and yellow counters.

A counter is taken at random from the bag.

The table shows the probabilities that the counter will be green or will be yellow.

Colour	Red	Blue	Green	Yellow
Probability			0.35	0.20

The probability that the counter will be red is twice the probability that the counter will be blue.

There are 21 green counters in the bag.

Work out the number of red counters in the bag.

(Total for question 16 is 4 marks)