## 7. Mark schemes for Paper 1: arithmetic

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
1	7,305	1m	
2	0	1m	
3	292	1m	
4	1,200	1m	
5	415	1m	
6	15.08	1m	
7	30	1m	
8	168	1m	
9	5,459	1m	
10	10,100	1m	
11	80	1m	
12	660	1m	
13	120	1m	
14	495,000	1m	
15	4,172	1m	
16	0.212	1m	

## 2022 key stage 2 mathematics test mark schemes

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
17	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 32	Up to 2m	
	If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for the formal method of division with no more than <b>ONE</b> arithmetic error, i.e.		Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
	<ul> <li>long division algorithm, e.g.</li> </ul>		
	$ \begin{array}{r} 32 \text{ r3} \\ 672 \\ - 630 \\ 45 (error) \\ - 42 \\ 3 \end{array} $		
	OR		
	$52 (error)$ $21 \overline{\smash{\big)}672}$ $- \underline{630} \qquad 30 \times 21$ $- \underline{42} \qquad 2 \times 21$ $- \underline{42} \qquad 0$		
	• short division algorithm, e.g. $33 (error)$ $21 \overline{)67^{4}2}$		Short division methods <b>must</b> be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure <b>must</b> be less than the divisor.
18	$1\frac{1}{9}$	1m	Accept equivalent mixed numbers, fractions or an <b>exact</b> decimal equivalent, e.g. 1.1 (accept any unambiguous
	OK		indication of the recurring digits).
	<u>10</u> 9		<b>Do not</b> accept rounded or truncated decimals.

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
19	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 50,381 If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for a formal method of long multiplication with no more than <b>ONE</b> arithmetic error, e.g. • $607$ $\times \frac{83}{1821}$ $\frac{48560}{49381}$ (error) <b>OR</b> • $607$ $\times \frac{83}{1822}$ (error) $\frac{48560}{50382}$	Up to 2m	Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark. <b>Do not</b> award any marks if the error is in the place value, e.g. the omission of the zero when multiplying by tens: $ \begin{array}{c} 607 \\ \times \underbrace{83}{1821} \\ \underbrace{4856}{6677} \end{array} (place value error) \end{array} $
20	13,050	1m	
21	3	1m	Accept equivalent fractions. <b>Do not</b> accept answers such as $2\frac{3}{3}$
22	21	1m	
23	2.877	1m	
24	<u>1</u> 16	1m	Accept equivalent fractions or an <b>exact</b> decimal equivalent, e.g. 0.0625 <b>Do not</b> accept rounded or truncated decimals.
25	<u>5</u> 6	1m	Accept equivalent fractions or an <b>exact</b> decimal equivalent, e.g. 0.83 (accept any unambiguous indication of the recurring digits). <b>Do not</b> accept rounded or truncated decimals.
26	23.988	1m	
27	480	1m	Do not accept 480%
28	60	1m	Do not accept 60%

## 2022 key stage 2 mathematics test mark schemes

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
29	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 42	Up to 2m	
	If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for the formal methods of division with no more than <b>ONE</b> arithmetic error, i.e.		Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
	OR $ \begin{array}{r} 32 \ (error) \\ 73 \ 3066 \\ - \ 730 \ 10 \times 73 \\ 2336 \\ - \ 2190 \ 30 \times 73 \\ 146 \\ - \ 146 \ 2 \times 73 \\ 0 \end{array} $ • short division algorithm, e.g. $ \begin{array}{r} 41 \ r71 \ (error) \\ \hline 14 \ r71 \ (error) \\ \end{array} $		Short division methods <b>must</b> be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a
	73   306 <sup>14</sup> 6		division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure <b>must</b> be less than the divisor.
30	92	1m	Do not accept 92%
31	<u>11</u> 63	1m	Accept equivalent fractions or an <b>exact</b> decimal equivalent, e.g. 0.174603 (accept any unambiguous indication of the recurring digits). <b>Do not</b> accept rounded or truncated decimals.

## 2022 key stage 2 mathematics test mark schemes

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
32	$1\frac{5}{6}$ <b>OR</b> $\frac{11}{6}$	1m	Accept equivalent mixed numbers, fractions or an <b>exact</b> decimal equivalent, e.g. 1.83 (accept any unambiguous indication of the recurring digits). <b>Do not</b> accept rounded or truncated decimals.
33	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 273,226 If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for a formal method of long multiplication with no more than <b>ONE</b> arithmetic error, e.g. • 4078 $\times \frac{67}{28546}$ $\frac{244680}{273126}$ (error) <b>OR</b> • 4078 $\times \frac{67}{28544}$ (error) $\frac{244680}{273224}$	Up to 2m	Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark. <b>Do not</b> award any marks if the error is in the place value, e.g. the omission of the zero when multiplying by tens: $\frac{4078}{28546} \times \frac{67}{28546}$ $\frac{24468}{53014}$ (place value error) $\frac{53014}{2}$
34	$7\frac{3}{4}$ <b>OR</b> $\frac{31}{4}$ 8	1m 1m	Accept equivalent mixed numbers, fractions or an <b>exact</b> decimal equivalent, e.g. 7.75 <b>Do not</b> accept rounded or truncated decimals.
36	320	1m	Do not accept $\frac{1600}{5}$