## 7. Mark schemes for Paper 1: arithmetic

| Qu. | Requirement | Mark | Additional guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 7,305 | 1 m |  |
| 2 | 0 | 1 m |  |
| 3 | 292 | 1 m |  |
| 4 | 1,200 | 1 m |  |
| 5 | 415 | 1 m |  |
| 6 | 15.08 | 1 m |  |
| 7 | 30 | 1 m |  |
| 8 | 168 | 1 m |  |
| 9 | 5,459 | 1 m |  |
| 10 | 10,100 | 1 m |  |
| 11 | 80 | 1 m |  |
| 12 | 660 | 1 m |  |
| 13 | 120 | 1 m |  |
| 14 | 495,000 | 1 m |  |
| 15 | 4,172 | 1 m |  |
| 16 | 0.212 | 1 m |  |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 32 <br> If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal method of division with no more than ONE arithmetic error, i.e. <br> - long division algorithm, e.g. $\begin{aligned} & 32 \mathrm{r} 3 \\ & 2 1 \longdiv { 6 7 2 } \\ &-\quad 630 \\ &-\quad 45 \\ &-\frac{42}{3} \end{aligned}$ <br> OR $\begin{aligned} & 52 \text { (error) } \\ & 2 1 \longdiv { 6 7 2 } \\ & -\begin{array}{ll} 630 & 30 \times 21 \\ -\quad 42 & 2 \times 21 \end{array} \\ & -\frac{42}{0} \end{aligned}$ <br> - short division algorithm, e.g. $2 1 \longdiv { 6 7 ^ { 4 } 2 } \text { (error) }$ | Up to 2m | Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark. <br> Short division methods must be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure must be less than the divisor. |
| 18 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \frac{1}{9} \\ & \text { OR } \\ & \frac{10}{9} \end{aligned}$ | 1 m | Accept equivalent mixed numbers, fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. 1.1 (accept any unambiguous indication of the recurring digits). <br> Do not accept rounded or truncated decimals. |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 50,381 <br> If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for a formal method of long multiplication with no more than ONE arithmetic error, e.g. $\text { - } \begin{array}{r} 607 \\ \times \quad 83 \\ \hline 1821 \\ \hline 48560 \\ \hline 49381 \\ \text { (error) } \end{array}$ <br> OR $\begin{aligned} & -\quad \begin{array}{r} 607 \\ \times \quad 83 \\ \hline 1822 \\ \hline \end{array} \text { (error) } \\ & \frac{48560}{50382} \end{aligned}$ | Up to 2m | Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark. <br> Do not award any marks if the error is in the place value, e.g. the omission of the zero when multiplying by tens: $\begin{array}{r} 607 \\ \times \frac{83}{1821} \\ \hline \frac{4856}{6677} \text { (place value error) } \end{array}$ |
| 20 | 13,050 | 1 m |  |
| 21 | 3 | 1 m | Accept equivalent fractions. <br> Do not accept answers such as $2 \frac{3}{3}$ |
| 22 | 21 | 1 m |  |
| 23 | 2.877 | 1 m |  |
| 24 | $\frac{1}{16}$ | 1 m | Accept equivalent fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. 0.0625 <br> Do not accept rounded or truncated decimals. |
| 25 | $\frac{5}{6}$ | 1 m | Accept equivalent fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. $0.8 \dot{3}$ (accept any unambiguous indication of the recurring digits). <br> Do not accept rounded or truncated decimals. |
| 26 | 23.988 | 1 m |  |
| 27 | 480 | 1 m | Do not accept 480\% |
| 28 | 60 | 1 m | Do not accept 60\% |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29 | Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 42 <br> If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal methods of division with no more than ONE arithmetic error, i.e. <br> - long division algorithm, e.g. $\begin{aligned} & 7 3 \longdiv { 3 1 \mathrm { r } 6 7 } \\ & -\frac{2920}{140} \\ & -\frac{73}{67} \end{aligned}$ <br> OR $\begin{array}{rl} 32 & \text { (error) } \\ 73 \lcm{3066} & \\ -\begin{array}{r} 730 \\ 2336 \\ \end{array} & 10 \times 73 \\ -\quad 2190 & 30 \times 73 \\ \hline 146 & \\ \hline 146 & 2 \times 73 \end{array}$ <br> - short division algorithm, e.g. $7 3 \longdiv { 3 0 6 ^ { 1 4 } 6 } \text { (error) }$ | Up to 2m | Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark. <br> Short division methods must be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure must be less than the divisor. |
| 30 | 92 | 1 m | Do not accept 92\% |
| 31 | $\frac{11}{63}$ | 1 m | Accept equivalent fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. 0. $\overline{174603}$ (accept any unambiguous indication of the recurring digits). <br> Do not accept rounded or truncated decimals. |


| Qu. | Requirement | Mark | Additional guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32 | $1 \frac{5}{6}$ <br> OR $\frac{11}{6}$ | 1 m | Accept equivalent mixed numbers, fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. $1.8 \dot{3}$ (accept any unambiguous indication of the recurring digits). <br> Do not accept rounded or truncated decimals. |
| 33 | Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 273,226 <br> If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for a formal method of long multiplication with no more than ONE arithmetic error, e.g. <br> - $\begin{array}{r}4078 \\ \times \quad \frac{67}{28546} \\ \frac{244680}{273126} \text { (error) }\end{array}$ <br> OR $\begin{array}{r} 4078 \\ \times \quad 67 \\ \hline 28544 \\ \text { (error) } \\ \hline 244680 \\ \hline 273224 \end{array}$ | Up to 2m | Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark. <br> Do not award any marks if the error is in the place value, e.g. the omission of the zero when multiplying by tens: $\begin{array}{r} 4078 \\ \times \quad 67 \\ \hline 28546 \\ \hline \frac{24468}{53014} \text { (place value error) } \end{array}$ |
| 34 | $7 \frac{3}{4}$ <br> OR $\frac{31}{4}$ | 1 m | Accept equivalent mixed numbers, fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. 7.75 <br> Do not accept rounded or truncated decimals. |
| 35 | 8 | 1 m |  |
| 36 | 320 | 1 m | Do not accept $\frac{1600}{5}$ |

