Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information		
Candidate surname		Other names
Centre Number Candidate Number Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1)		
<b>Time</b> 1 hour 30 minutes	Paper reference	1MA1/1H
Mathematics PAPER 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier		
<b>You must have:</b> Ruler graduated in coprotractor, pair of compasses, pen, HE Tracing paper may be used.		- 11

### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
   there may be more space than you need.
- You must show all your working.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- Calculators may not be used.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶





## Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

(a) Work out  $3.67 \times 4.2$ 

15.414

(b) Work out  $59.84 \div 1.6$ 

$$\frac{59.84}{1.6} = \frac{598.4}{16}$$

037.4

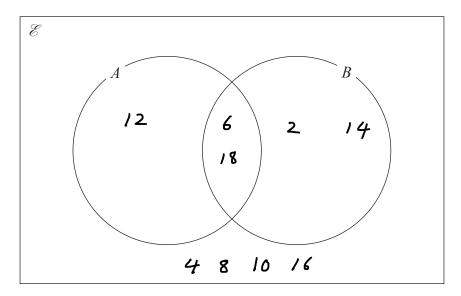
(Total for Question 1 is 6 marks)

2  $\mathscr{E}$ = {even numbers less than 19}

$$A = \{6, 12, 18\}$$

$$B = \{2, 6, 14, 18\}$$

Complete the Venn diagram for this information.



(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

3 Work out  $4\frac{1}{5} - 2\frac{2}{3}$ 

Give your answer as a mixed number.

$$\frac{2143}{5*3} - \frac{8 \times 5}{3 \times 5}$$

$$\frac{63}{15} - \frac{40}{15} - \frac{23}{15} = \frac{8}{15}$$

1 8 15

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)



### **4** At the end of 2017

the value of Tamara's house was £220 000 the value of Rahim's house was £160 000

At the end of 2019

the value of Tamara's house had decreased by 20% the value of Rahim's house had increased by 30%

At the end of 2019, whose house had the greater value? You must show how you get your answer.

Tamara

$$10\% = \frac{220000}{10} = 22000$$

£176000

Rahim

$$10\% = \frac{160000}{10} = \frac{16000}{10}$$

£208000

Rahim's House

(Total for Question 4 is 4 marks)

5 Rosie, Matilda and Ibrahim collect stickers.

number of stickers Rosie has: number of stickers Matilda has: number of stickers Ibrahim has = 4:7:15

Ibrahim has 24 more stickers than Matilda.

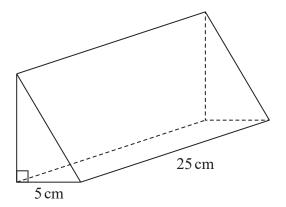
Ibrahim has more stickers than Rosie.

How many more?

33

(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)

6 The diagram shows a prism.



The cross section of the prism is a right-angled triangle. The base of the triangle has length 5 cm

The prism has length 25 cm The prism has volume 750 cm<sup>3</sup>

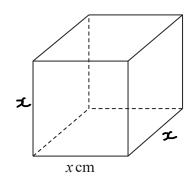
Work out the height of the prism.

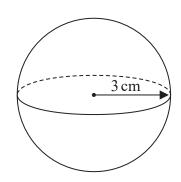
Volume = 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
base xheight xlength  
750 =  $\frac{1}{2}(5)$  xheight x 25  
750 =  $\frac{125}{2}$  x height  
1500 = 125 xheight  
height =  $\frac{1500}{125} = \frac{300}{25} = \frac{60}{5} = \frac{12}{25}$ 

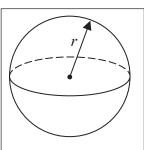
12 cm

(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)

7 The diagram shows a cube with edges of length x cm and a sphere of radius 3 cm.







Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 

The surface area of the cube is equal to the surface area of the sphere.

Show that  $x = \sqrt{k\pi}$  where k is an integer.

Surface area of cube = 
$$6x^2$$
  
Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$   
=  $4\pi (3)^2$   
=  $36\pi$ 

$$6\pi^{2} = 36\pi$$

$$x^{2} = 6\pi$$

$$x = \sqrt{6\pi}$$

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8 Solve 
$$x^2 = 5x + 24$$

$$z^2 - 5z - 24 = 0$$

$$(x-8)(x+3) = 0$$

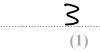
$$x = 8$$
 or  $x = -3$ 

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

9 (a) Write down the value of  $7^{\circ}$ 



(b) Find the value of  $3 \times 3^6 \times 3^{-6}$ 



(c) Find the value of  $2^{-4}$ 

$$\frac{1}{2^{4}}$$

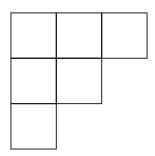
(d) Find the value of  $27^{\frac{1}{3}}$ 



(1)

(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

10 The diagram shows a shape made from 6 identical squares.



The total area of the shape is 5406 cm<sup>2</sup>

(a) Find an estimate for the length of one side of each square. Give your answer correct to the nearest whole number.

$$\frac{5400}{6} = 900 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ each square}$$

$$\sqrt{900} = 30 \text{ cm}$$

(3) cm

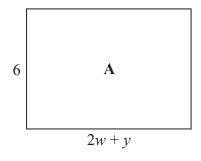
(b) Is your answer to part (a) an underestimate or an overestimate? You must give a reason for your answer.

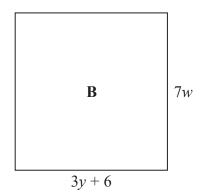
underestimate, I rounded the total area down

(1)

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)

11 The diagram shows two rectangles, A and B.





All measurements are in centimetres.

The area of rectangle **A** is equal to the area of rectangle **B**.

Find an expression for y in terms of w.

$$6(2\omega + 9) = 7\omega(3y + 6)$$

$$12\omega + 6y = 2/\omega y + 42\omega$$

$$6y = 2/\omega y + 30\omega$$

$$6y - 2/\omega y = 30\omega$$

$$y(6 - 2/\omega) = 30\omega$$

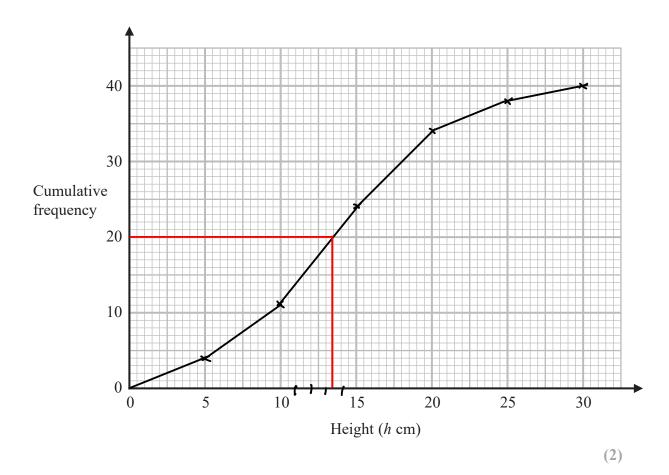
$$y = \frac{30\omega}{6 - 2/\omega}$$

(Total for Question 11 is 4 marks)

12 The cumulative frequency table gives information about the heights, in cm, of 40 plants.

Height (h cm)	<b>Cumulative Frequency</b>
$0 < h \leqslant 5$	4
$0 < h \leqslant 10$	11
$0 < h \leqslant 15$	24
$0 < h \leqslant 20$	34
$0 < h \leqslant 25$	38
$0 < h \leqslant 30$	40

(a) On the grid, draw a cumulative frequency graph for this information.



(b) Use the graph to find an estimate for the median height of the plants.

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)



13 Ted is trying to change  $0.\dot{43}$  to a fraction.

Here is the start of his method.

$$x = 0.43$$

$$10x = 4.34$$

$$10x - x = 4.34 - 0.43$$

Evaluate Ted's method so far.

Ted has not made the recurring parts the

same. He should have used 100x = 43.43

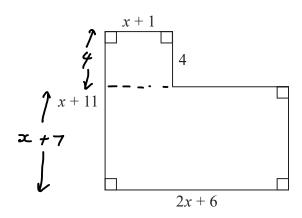
Then 100x - x

(Total for Question 13 is 1 mark)





14 Here is a shape with all its measurements in centimetres.



The area of the shape is  $A \text{ cm}^2$ 

Show that  $A = 2x^2 + 24x + 46$ 

$$A = 4(x+1) + (x+7)(2x+6)$$

$$= 4x + 4 + 2x^{2} + 6x + 14x + 42$$

$$= 2x^{2} + 24x + 46$$

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

15 Show that  $\frac{4x+3}{2x} + \frac{3}{5}$  can be written in the form  $\frac{ax+b}{cx}$  where a, b and c are integers.

$$\frac{x5}{x5} \frac{4x+3}{2x} + \frac{3}{5} \times 2x$$

$$\frac{5(4x+3)}{10x} + \frac{6x}{10x}$$

$$\frac{26x + 15}{10x}$$

(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)

16 There are only 3 red counters and 5 yellow counters in a bag.

Jude takes at random 3 counters from the bag.

Work out the probability that he takes exactly one red counter.

$$P(RYY) = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{5}{7} \times \frac{41}{2} = \frac{5}{28}$$

$$P(YRY) = \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{4}{6} = \frac{5}{28}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(YYP) = \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{6} = \frac{5}{28}$$

$$\frac{5}{28} + \frac{5}{28} + \frac{5}{28} = \frac{15}{28}$$

15 28

(Total for Question 16 is 4 marks)

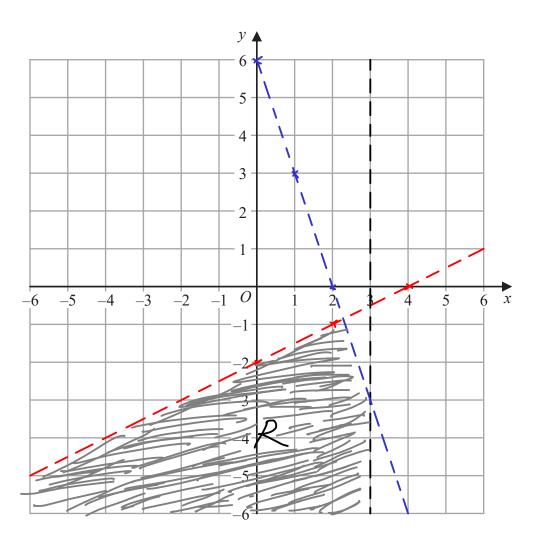


17 On the grid show, by shading, the region that satisfies all of these inequalities.

$$2y + 4 < x$$

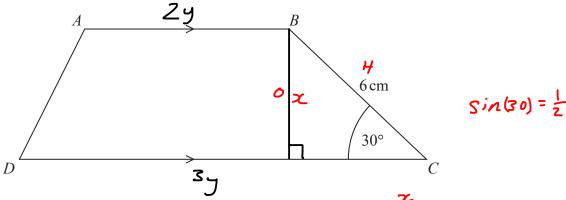
$$y < 6 - 3x$$

Label the region  $\mathbf{R}$ .



(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

**18** Here is trapezium *ABCD*.



The area of the trapezium is 66 cm<sup>2</sup>

the length of AB: the length of CD = 2:327: 34

Find the length of AB.

$$Sin(30) = \frac{2}{6}$$
  
 $z = 6 Sin(30)$   
 $= 6(\frac{1}{2})$   
 $= 3$ 

$$\frac{1}{2}(2y + 3y)(3) = 66$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(2y + 3y) = 22$$

$$2y + 3y = 44$$

$$5y = 44$$

$$y = \frac{44}{5} = 8\frac{4}{5}$$

$$= 8.8$$

$$2y = 2(8.8)$$
  
= 17.6 cm

17.6

(Total for Question 18 is 5 marks)

19 Show that  $\frac{8+\sqrt{12}}{5+\sqrt{3}}$  can be written in the form  $\frac{a+\sqrt{3}}{b}$ , where a and b are integers.

$$\sqrt{12} = \sqrt{4}\sqrt{3}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$(8 + 2\sqrt{3})(5 - \sqrt{3})$$

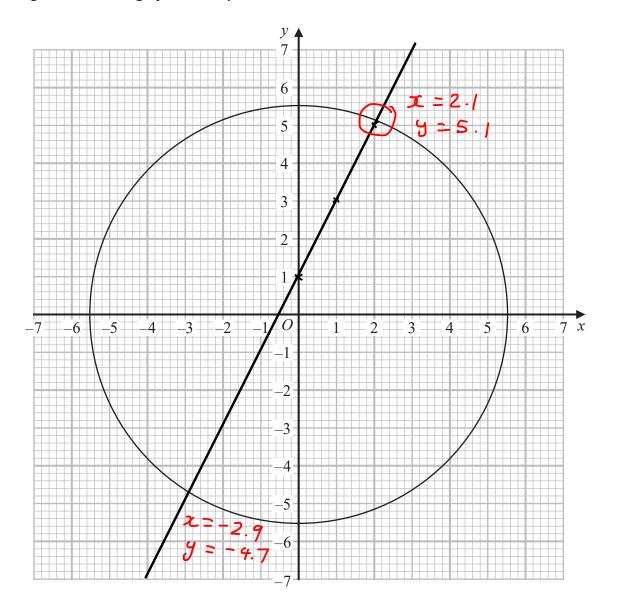
$$(5 + \sqrt{3})(5 - \sqrt{3})$$

$$\frac{40 - 8\sqrt{3} + 10\sqrt{3} - 6}{25 - 5\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{3} - 3}$$

$$\frac{34 + 2\sqrt{3}}{22} = 1\frac{7 + \sqrt{3}}{11}$$

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)

**20** The diagram shows the graph of  $x^2 + y^2 = 30.25$ 



Use the graph to find estimates for the solutions of the simultaneous equations

$$x^2 + y^2 = 30.25$$
  
$$y - 2x = 1$$

$$y = 2x + 1$$
  
 $x \mid 0 \mid 1 \mid 2$   
 $y \mid 1 \mid 3 \mid 5$ 

$$x = -2.9$$
,  $y = -4.7$  and  $x = 2.1$   $y = 5.1$ 

(Total for Question 20 is 3 marks)

# 21 The functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 1$$
 for  $x > 0$  and  $g(x) = \frac{4}{x^2}$  for  $x > 0$ 

(a) Work out gf(1)

$$f(1) = 3(1)^{2} + 1$$

$$= 4$$

$$g(4) = \frac{4}{4^{2}} = \frac{7}{4}$$

<u>/</u>
(2)

The function h is such that  $h = (fg)^{-1}$ 

(b) Find h(x)

$$fg(x) = 3\left(\frac{4}{x^2}\right)^2 + 1$$

$$= 3\left(\frac{16}{x^4}\right) + 1$$

$$= \frac{48}{x^7} + 1$$

$$y = \frac{48}{x^4} + 1$$

$$x = \frac{48}{9^4} + 1$$

$$x - 1 = \frac{48}{9^4}$$

$$y^*(x-1) = 48$$

$$y'' = \frac{48}{x-1}$$

$$h(x) = \sqrt[4]{\frac{48}{x-1}}$$

$$h(z) = \sqrt[4]{\frac{48}{z-1}}$$

(Total for Question 21 is 6 marks)

22 Find the coordinates of the turning point on the curve with equation  $y = 9 + 18x - 3x^2$  You must show all your working.

$$y = -3x^{2} + 18x + 9$$

$$= -3(x^{2} - 6x - 3)$$

$$= -3[(x - 3)^{2} - 9 - 3]$$

$$= -3[(x - 3)^{2} - 12]$$

$$= -3(x - 3)^{2} + 36$$

( 3 , 36 )

(Total for Question 22 is 4 marks)

**TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS** 

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