Name:	

# Maths Genie Stage 9

## Test C

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.
- Calculators may not be used.

### Information

- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

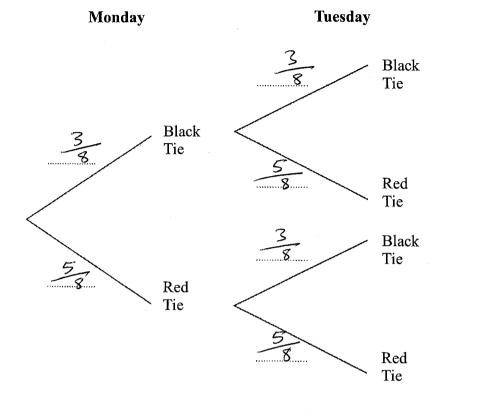
#### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- · Check your answers if you have time at the end

1 Each day Paul wears either a black tie or a red tie to work.

On any day the probability he wears a black tie is  $\frac{3}{8}$ 

(a) Complete the probability tree diagram for Monday and Tuesday.



(2)

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)

(b) Work out the probability Paul wears different coloured ties on Monday and Tuesday .

BR 
$$\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{5}{8} = \frac{15}{64}$$

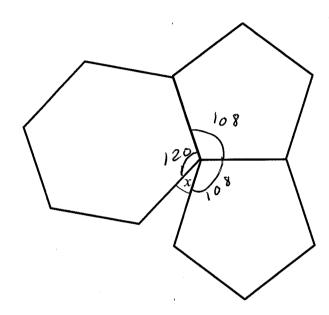
RB  $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{3}{8} = \frac{15}{64}$ 
 $\frac{15}{64} + \frac{15}{64} = \frac{30}{64}$ 

(2)

A line passes through the point (0, -7). The gradient of this line is 2. Write down the equation of this line.

$$y = 2x - 7$$
(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)

3



The diagram shows two regular pentagons and a regular hexagon meeting at a point.

Work out the size of the angle marked x. You must show all your working.

$$\frac{360}{5} = 72 \qquad 180 - 72 = 108^{\circ}$$

$$\frac{360}{6} = 60 \qquad 180 - 60 = 120^{\circ}$$

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4 Make b the subject of 
$$a = \sqrt{\frac{b-7}{2}}$$

$$a^2 = \frac{b-7}{2}$$

$$2a^2 = b - 7$$

$$2a^2 = b - 7$$

$$2a^2 + 7 = b$$

$$b = 2a^2 + 7$$

#### (Total for Question 4 is 3 marks)

- A is the point (7, -5) and B is the point (4, -1).
  - (a) Write down as a column vector  $\overrightarrow{AB}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4-7\\ -1--5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3\\4 \end{pmatrix}$$

C is the point (2, 5) and D is the point (-1, 9).

(b) Write down as a column vector  $\overrightarrow{CD}$ 

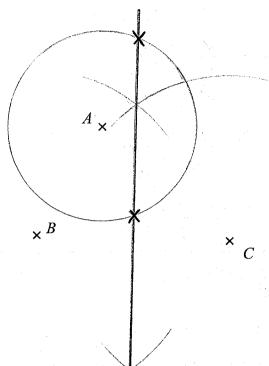
$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 - 2 \\ 9 - 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (1)

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)

6 A, B and C are three points on a map.

1cm represents 100 metres.



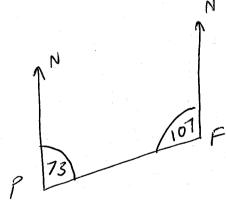
Point P is 250 metres from A. Point P is equidistant from B and C.

On the map, show the possible positions of P.

(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)

7 The bearing of Frankfurt from Paris is 073°

Find the bearing of Paris from Frankfurt.



$$360 - 107 = 253$$

253

(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)

The line AB passes through the points A(3, -2) and (6, k).

The gradient of AB is 4.

Work out the value of k.

$$M = \frac{4y_2 - 4y_1}{x_2 - 3x_1}$$

$$4 = \frac{k - 2}{6 - 3}$$

$$4 = \frac{k + 2}{3}$$

$$12 = k + 2$$

$$k = 10$$

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

 $\mathscr{E} = \{ \text{odd numbers less than 30} \}$ 

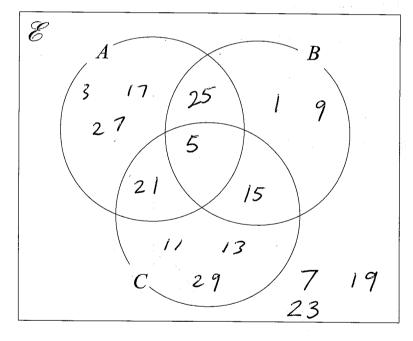
$$A = \{8, 8, 17, 21, 25, 27\}$$

$$B = \{4, 8, 8, 18, 28\}$$

$$B = \{X, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{S}, 1\mathcal{S}, 2\mathcal{S}\}$$

$$C = \{8, 14, 13, 15, 21, 29\}$$

(a) Complete the Venn diagram to represent this information.



A number is chosen at random from E.

Find the probability that the number is a member of  $(A \cap B)$ .

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)