Name:

GCSE (1 - 9)

Cylinders

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Answer all Questions.
- Answer the Questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- · You must show all your working out.

Information

- The marks for each Question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each Question.

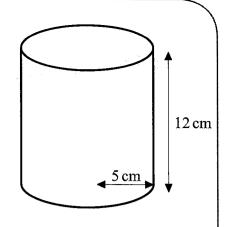
Advice

- Read each Question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every Question.
- · Check your answers if you have time at the end

1 A cylinder has a radius of 5 cm and a height of 12 cm.

Work out the volume of the cylinder. Give your answer in terms of π .

$$volume = \pi r^2 \times h$$
$$= \pi (s)^2 \times 12$$
$$= 300\pi \text{ cm}^3$$



300 m cm³

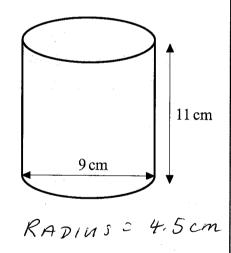
(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

A cylinder has a diameter of 9 cm and a height of 11 cm.

Work out the volume of the cylinder. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

volume =
$$TT^2 \times h$$

= $T(4.5)^2 \times 11$
= 699.8 cm^3

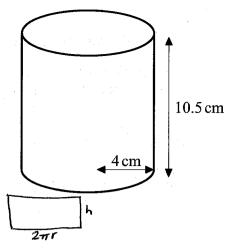


699.8 cm³

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

A solid cylinder has a radius of 4 cm and a height of 10.5 cm.

Work out the total surface area of the cylinder. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.



Surface Area =
$$(7) + (7) + (1) + (1)$$

$$= 2 \times \pi r^{2} + 2\pi r + (1)$$

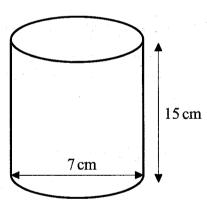
$$= 2\pi (4)^{2} + 2\pi (4)(10.5)$$

$$= 364.4 \text{ cm}^{2}$$

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

A solid cylinder has a diameter of **7** cm and a height of 1**5** cm.

Work out the total surface area of the cylinder. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.



Total s.a. =
$$2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

$$= 2\pi (3.5)^2 + 2\pi (3.5)(15) RADIUS = 3.5cm$$

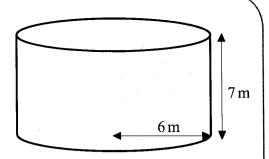
$$= 407 cm^2$$

407 cm²

(Total for Question 4 is 3 marks)

5 A solid cylinder has a radius of 6 m and a height of 7 m.

Work out the total surface area of the cylinder. Give your answer in terms of π .



Total s.a =
$$2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

= $2\pi (6)^2 + 2\pi (6)(7)$
= 156π

1567T m2

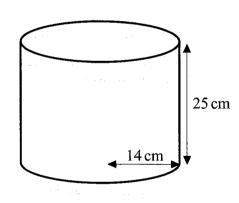
(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)

A solid cylinder has a radius of 14cm and a height of 25cm.

Work out the volume of the cylinder. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

Volume =
$$\pi r^2 h$$

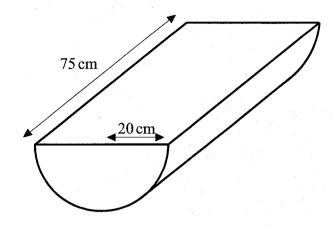
= $\pi (14)^2 (25)$
= 15400 cm^3



15400 cm³

(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)

A solid cylinder is cut in half to form a semi-cylinder with a radius of 20 cm and a length of 75 cm.



(a) Work out the volume of the semi-cylinder. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$volume = \frac{\pi r^2}{2} \times h$$

$$= \frac{\pi (20)^2}{2} \times 75$$

$$= 47100 \text{ cm}^3$$

47100 cm³

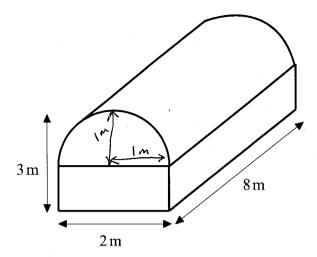
(b) Work out the total surface are of the of the semi-cylinder. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

Total surface area =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 + $\frac{1}{2}$ + $\frac{1}{2}$

 $\frac{8970}{\text{cm}^2}$

(Total for Question 7 is 6 marks)

A solid is formed by placing a half cylinder on a rectangular prism. The solid has a width of 2 m, a total height of 3 m and a length of 8 m.



Work out the volume of the solid. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

Volume of half cylinder =
$$\frac{\pi \Gamma^2}{2} \times L$$

= $\frac{\pi (1)^2}{2} \times 8 = 4\pi$

volume of prism =
$$2x2x8$$

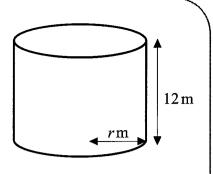
= $32 m^3$

44.6 cm³

- 9 A solid cylinder has a radius of r m and a height of 12 m.
 - The volume of the cylinder is $507\pi \, d$ m³. Find the value of r.

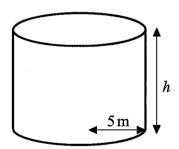
volume =
$$\pi r^2 h$$

 $507\pi = \pi r^2 (12)$
 $507 = r^2 (12)$
 $r^2 = \frac{507}{12}$
 $r = \sqrt{\frac{507}{12}}$
 $r = 6.5 m$



(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

- 10 A solid cylinder has a radius of $5 \,\mathrm{m}$ and a height of $h \,\mathrm{m}$.
 - The total surface area of the cylinder is $165\pi \, \mu \text{m}^2$. Find the value of h.



Surface area =
$$2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

 $165\pi = 2\pi (5)^2 + 2\pi (5)(h)$
 $165\pi = 50\pi + 10\pi h$
 $-50\pi = -50\pi$
 $115\pi = 10h$

h = 11.5 m

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)

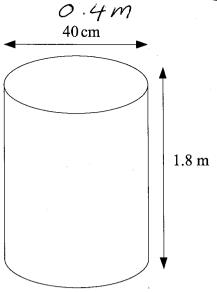
$$r = 0.2m$$

11 The diagram shows a cylindrical tank. The tank has a top and a bottom.

> 5 of these tanks are going to be painted. Each tank has a diameter of 40 cm and a height of 1.8 m.

Each pot of paint can cover 4 m².

How many pots of paint are needed to paint the 5 tanks?



Surface area =
$$2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

= $2\pi (0.2)^2 + 2\pi (0.2)(1.8)$
= 2.513 m^2

Total area of 5 tanks =
$$5 \times "2.513"$$

= $12.566 \quad m^2$

$$\frac{12.566}{4} = 3.14$$

$$= 4 pots of paint$$