

1)

$$\begin{array}{cc} (2, 1) & (4, -5) \\ x_1, y_1 & x_2, y_2 \end{array}$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{-5 - 1}{4 - 2}$$

$$= \frac{-6}{2}$$

$$= -3$$

$$y = -3x + c \quad (2, 1)$$

$$1 = -3(2) + c$$

$$1 = -6 + c$$

$$c = 7$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -3x + 7}}$$

$$2/ \quad l_1: \quad 2x + 3y + 5 = 0$$

$$3y = -2x - 5$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{5}{3}$$

Gradient of  $l_1 = -\frac{2}{3}$ .

$$l_2: \quad (1, 7) \quad (5, 1)$$

$$x_1 \quad y_1 \quad x_2 \quad y_2$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{1 - 7}{5 - 1}$$

$$= \frac{-6}{4}$$

$$= -\frac{3}{2}$$

Gradient of  $l_2 = -\frac{3}{2}$

$l_1$  and  $l_2$  are not parallel  $-\frac{2}{3} \neq -\frac{3}{2}$

$l_1$  and  $l_2$  are not perpendicular  $-\frac{2}{3} \times -\frac{3}{2} \neq -1$

They are neither.

3a)

$$\begin{array}{cc} (-2, 5) & (5, -1) \\ x_1 & x_2 \\ y_1 & y_2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m &= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \\ &= \frac{-1 - 5}{5 - -2} \\ &= \frac{-6}{7} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \frac{-6}{7}x + c \quad (-2, 5)$$

$$5 = \frac{-6}{7}(-2) + c$$

$$5 = \frac{12}{7} + c$$

$$c = \frac{23}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{-6}{7}x + \frac{23}{7}$$

$$7y = -6x + 23$$

$$\underline{\underline{6x + 7y - 23 = 0}}$$

b/ crosses y at  $(0, \frac{23}{7})$

crosses x when  $y=0$

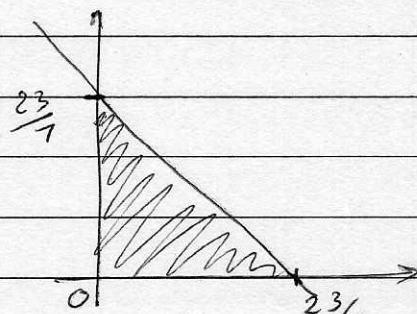
$$6x = 23$$

$$x = \frac{23}{6}$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ base} \times \text{height}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{23}{6} \right) \left( \frac{23}{7} \right)$$

$$= \frac{529}{84} \text{ units}^2$$



$$4) \quad (-1, k+2) \quad (2k-3, 8)$$

$$x_1 \quad y_1 \quad x_2 \quad y_2$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{8 - (k+2)}{2k-3-(-1)}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{8 - k - 2}{2k - 2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{6 - k}{2k - 2}$$

$$2k - 2 = 3(6 - k)$$

$$2k - 2 = 18 - 3k$$

$$5k = 20$$

$$\underline{\underline{k = 4}}$$

$$b) \quad m = \frac{1}{3} \quad (-1, 6)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x + c$$

$$6 = \frac{1}{3}(-1) + c$$

$$6 = -\frac{1}{3} + c$$

$$c = \frac{19}{3}$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{19}{3}}}$$

$$c) \quad \text{Midpoint of AB} \quad \left( \frac{-1+5}{2}, \frac{6+8}{2} \right)$$

$$(2, 7)$$

$$\text{perpendicular gradient} = -3$$

$$y = -3x + c$$

$$7 = -3(2) + c$$

$$7 = -6 + c$$

$$c = 13$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -3x + 13}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{3x + y - 13 = 0}}$$

5

$$2x - 3y + 24 = 0$$

Crosses x when  $y=0$

$$2x + 24 = 0$$

$$x = -12$$

crosses y when  $x=0$

$$-3y + 24 = 0$$

$$y = 8$$

$(-12, 0)$  and  $(0, 8)$

Midpoint  $(-6, 4)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{distance to origin} &= \sqrt{6^2 + 4^2} \\ &= \underline{\underline{2\sqrt{13}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$6/ \quad y = 2x + c \quad (5, 7)$$

$$7 = 2(5) + c$$

$$7 = 10 + c$$

$$c = -3$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = 2x - 3}}$$

$$b/ \quad \text{perpendicular gradient} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 1}}$$

7

$$5x + 2y - 4 = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$x - 4y + 1 = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$x = (4y - 1) \quad (2)$$

$$5(4y - 1) + 2y - 4 = 0$$

$$20y - 5 + 2y - 4 = 0$$

$$22y - 9 = 0$$

$$22y = 9$$

$$y = \underline{\underline{\frac{9}{22}}}$$

$$x = 4\left(\frac{9}{22}\right) - 1$$

$$x = \underline{\underline{\frac{7}{11}}}$$

$$\left(\frac{7}{11}, \frac{9}{22}\right)$$

8

$$2x - 3y = 4$$

$$3y = 2x - 4$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{4}{3}$$

l, gradient =  $\frac{2}{3}$

perpendicular gradient =  $-\frac{3}{2}$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + c \quad (4, -1)$$

$$-1 = -\frac{3}{2}(4) + c$$

$$-1 = -6 + c$$

$$c = 5$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 5$$

$$2y = -3x + 10$$

$$\underline{\underline{3x + 2y - 10 = 0}}$$



9a/

$$\begin{array}{cc} (1, 4) & (-2, 13) \\ x_1, y_1 & x_2, y_2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m &= \frac{13 - 4}{-2 - 1} \\ &= \frac{9}{-3} \\ &= \underline{\underline{-3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -3x + c \quad (1, 4)$$

$$4 = -3(1) + c$$

$$4 = -3 + c$$

$$c = 7$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -3x + 7}}$$

b/

$$\text{change in } x = 3$$

$$\text{change in } y = 9$$

$$\sqrt{3^2 + 9^2}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{3\sqrt{10}}}$$

10a)  $y = 3x + c$   $(-2, 5)$

$$5 = 3(-2) + c$$

$$5 = -6 + c$$

$$c = 11$$

$$y = 3x + 11$$

b) perpendicular gradient =  $-\frac{1}{3}$

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 4$$

c)  $y = 3x + 11$        $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 4$

$$3x + 11 = -\frac{1}{3}x + 4$$

$$9x + 33 = -x + 12$$

$$10x + 33 = 12$$

$$10x = -21$$

$$x = \frac{-21}{10}$$

$$y = 3\left(\frac{-21}{10}\right) + 11$$

$$= \frac{47}{10}$$

$$\left(\frac{-21}{10}, \frac{47}{10}\right)$$

$$11/ \quad l_1 \quad 5y - 10 = 2x$$

$$\text{when } x = 4: \quad 5y - 10 = 8$$

$$5y = 18$$

$$y = 18/5$$

$$P: (4, 18/5)$$

$$l_1: \quad 5y = 2x + 10$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x + 2$$

$$l_2 \text{ gradient} = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + c \quad \left(4, \frac{18}{5}\right)$$

$$\frac{18}{5} = -\frac{5}{2}(4) + c$$

$$c = \frac{68}{5}$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + \frac{68}{5}$$

$$10y = -25x + 136$$

$$\underline{25x + 10y - 136 = 0}$$

b) lines cross x when  $y = 0$

$$l_1: \quad 5(0) - 10 = 2x$$

$$-10 = 2x$$

$$x = -5$$

$$l_2: \quad 25x + 10(0) - 136 = 0$$

$$25x = 136$$

$$x = \frac{136}{25}$$

$$5 + \frac{136}{25} = \frac{261}{25}$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ base} \times \text{height}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{261}{25} \right) \left( \frac{18}{5} \right) = \frac{2349}{125} \text{ units}^2 \quad (18.792)$$

