

Name: _____

GCSE (1 – 9)

Finding the Area of Any Triangle

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must **show all your working out.**

Information

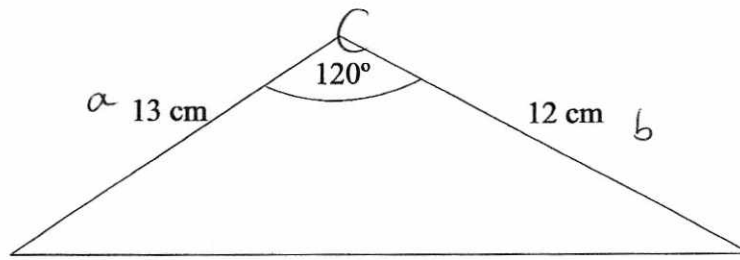
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end

1

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$



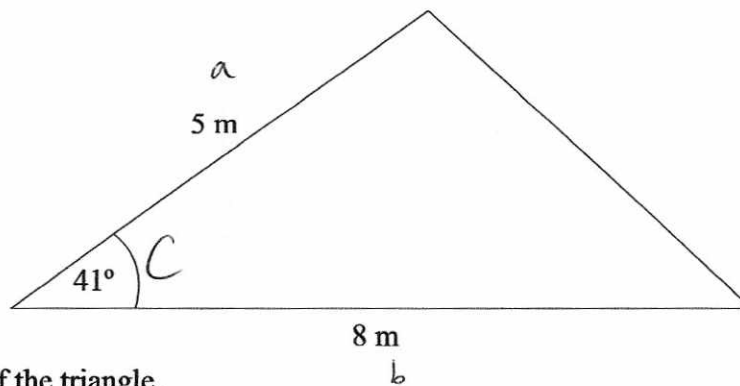
Work out the area of the triangle.
Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} (13)(12) \sin (120) \\ & = 67.5 \text{ (1dp)} \end{aligned}$$

.....67.5.....cm²

(Total for question 1 is 2 marks)

2



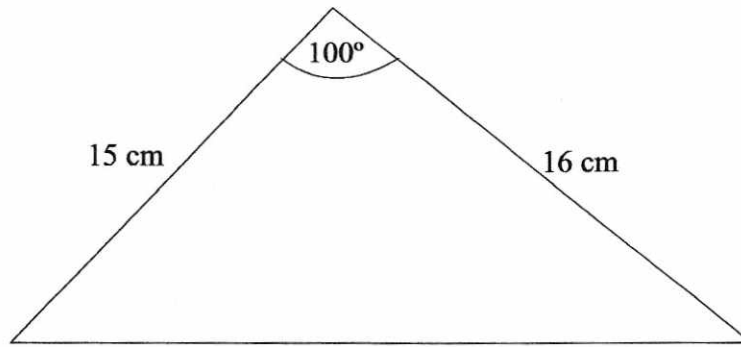
Work out the area of the triangle.
Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} (5)(8) \sin (41) \\ & = 13.1 \text{ 3sf} \end{aligned}$$

.....13.1.....m²

(Total for question 2 is 2 marks)

3



Work out the area of the triangle.
Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

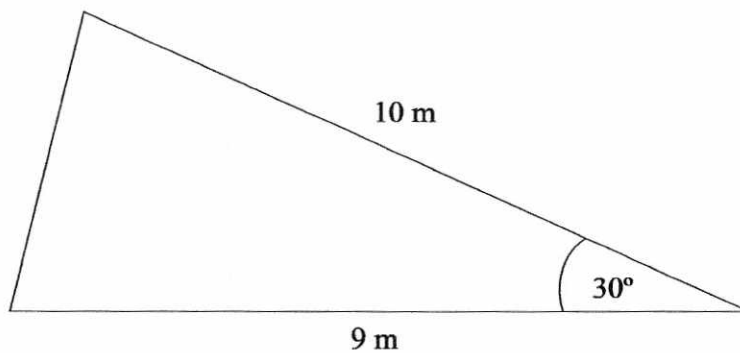
$$\frac{1}{2}(15)(16)\sin(100)$$

$$= 118 \text{ (3sf)}$$

.....118.....cm²

(Total for question 3 is 2 marks)

4



Work out the area of the triangle.

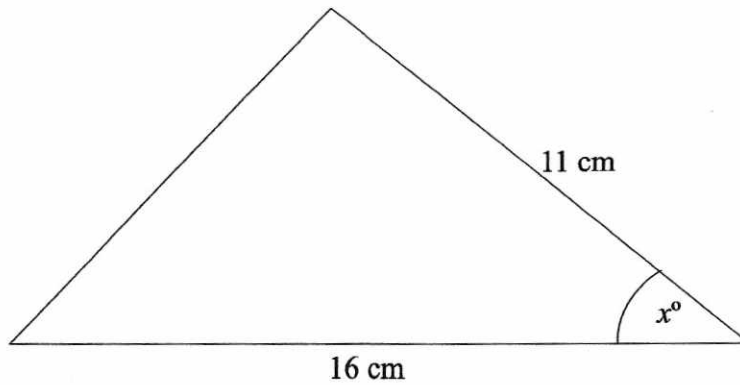
$$\frac{1}{2}(10)(9)\sin(30)$$

$$= 22.5$$

.....22.5.....m²

(Total for question 4 is 2 marks)

5



The area of the triangle is 70cm^2

Work out the value of x .

Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

$$\frac{1}{2}(16)(11)\sin(x) = 70$$

$$88\sin(x) = 70$$

$$\sin(x) = \frac{70}{88}$$

$$x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{70}{88}\right)$$

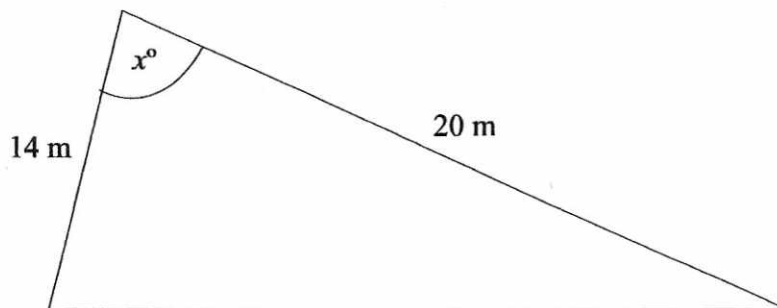
$$= 52.7$$

(1dp)

52.7

(Total for question 5 is 3 marks)

6



The area of the triangle is 100m^2

Work out the value of x .

Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

$$\frac{1}{2}(14)(20)\sin x = 100$$

$$140\sin x = 100$$

$$\sin x = \frac{100}{140}$$

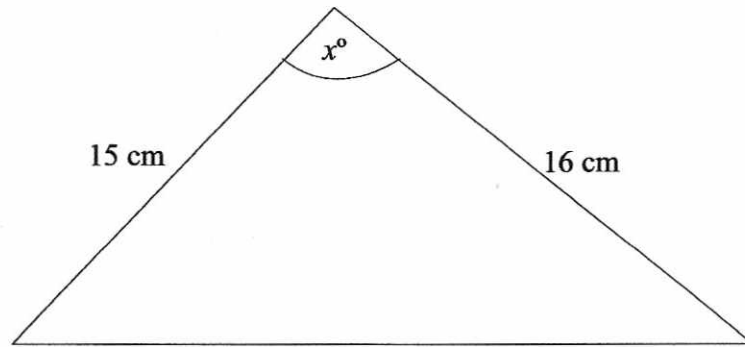
$$x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{100}{140}\right)$$

$$= 45.6 \text{ (3sf)}$$

45.6

(Total for question 6 is 3 marks)

7



The area of the triangle is 105cm^2

Work out the value of x .

Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

$$\frac{1}{2}(15)(16)\sin x = 105$$

$$120\sin x = 105$$

$$\sin x = \frac{105}{120}$$

$$x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{105}{120}\right)$$

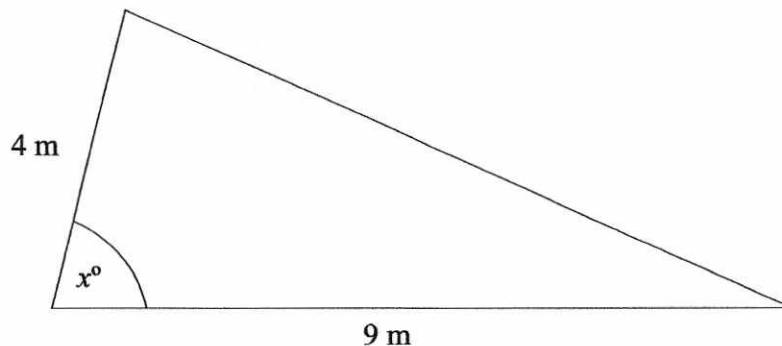
$$= 61.0$$

(1dp)

61.0

(Total for question 7 is 4 marks)

8



The area of the triangle is 15m^2

Work out the value of x .

Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

$$\frac{1}{2}(4)(9)\sin x = 15$$

$$18\sin x = 15$$

$$\sin x = \frac{15}{18}$$

$$x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{15}{18}\right)$$

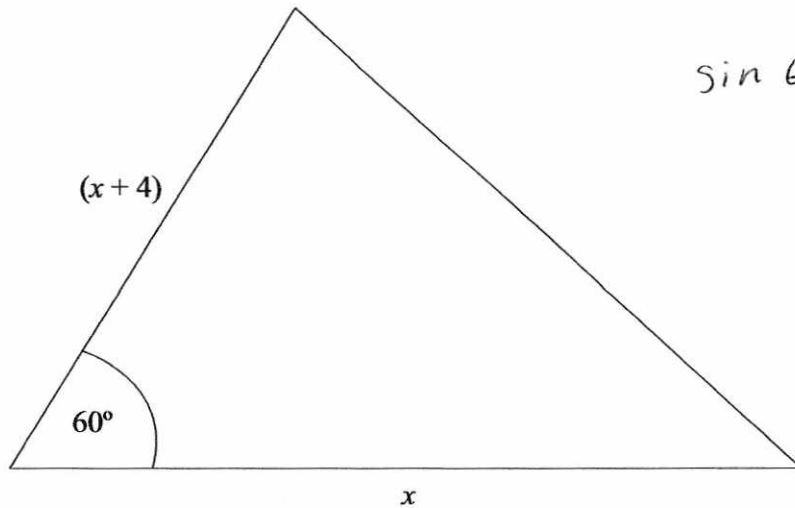
$$= 56.4$$

(3sf)

56.4

(Total for question 8 is 4 marks)

9



$$\sin 60 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

The area of the triangle is $15\sqrt{3}$ cm².
Work out the value of x .

$$\frac{1}{2}(x)(x+4)\sin(60) = 15\sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x)(x+4)\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 15\sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}x(x+4) = 15\sqrt{3}$$

$$\sqrt{3}x(x+4) = 60\sqrt{3}$$

$$x(x+4) = 60$$

$$x^2 + 4x = 60$$

$$x^2 + 4x - 60 = 0$$

$$(x+10)(x-6) = 0$$

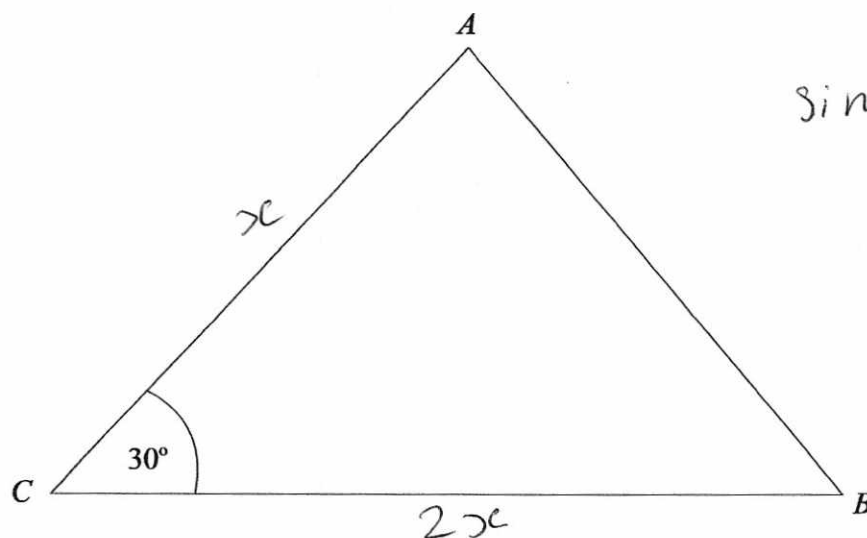
$$x = -10 \quad x = 6$$

a length cannot be negative $\therefore \underline{\underline{x=6}}$

6

(Total for question 9 is 4 marks)

10



$$\sin 30 = \frac{1}{2}$$

The ratio of the length BC to the length AC is 2:1
The area of the triangle is 50cm^2

Work out the value of x .

$$\frac{1}{2}(x)(2x) \sin(30) = 50$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x)(2x)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 50$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 = 50$$

$$x^2 = 100$$

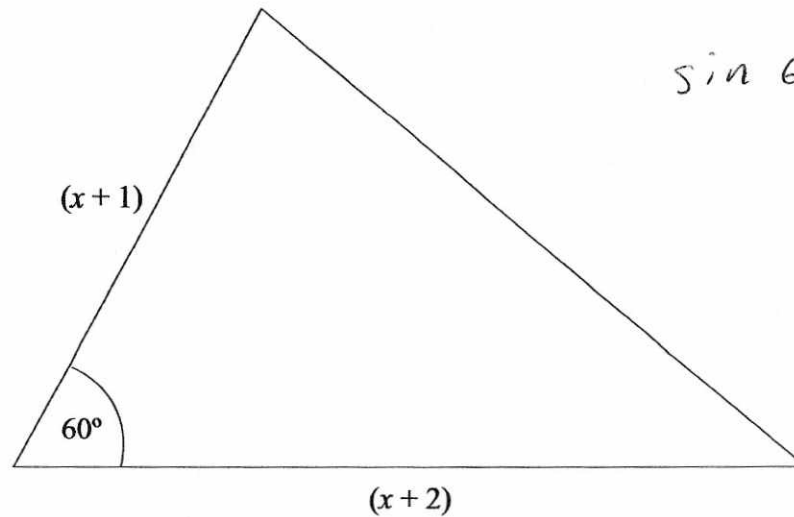
$$x = 10$$

(x cannot be -10 as a length can't be $-ve$)

10

(Total for question 10 is 4 marks)

11



$$\sin 60 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

The area of the triangle is 25 cm^2 .

Work out the value of x .

Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

$$\frac{1}{2}(x+1)(x+2) \sin 60 = 25$$

$$(x+1)(x+2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = 50$$

$$(x+1)(x+2) = \frac{100}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$x^2 + 2x + x + 2 = \frac{100}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$x^2 + 3x + 2 = \frac{100}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$x^2 + 3x - 55.735 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 1 \\ b &= 3 \\ c &= -55.735 \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$= 6.11 \text{ (3sf)} \quad \text{or} \quad -9.11 \text{ (3sf)}$$

~~x~~ lengths cannot be negative.

$$x = 6.11$$

6.11

(Total for question 11 is 5 marks)