Name:

GCSE (1 - 9)

Expanding and Factorising

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Answer all Questions.
- Answer the Questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- · You must show all your working out.

Information

- The marks for each Question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each Question.

Advice

- Read each Question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every Question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end

1 (a) Expand 7(2x + 7)

14x + 49(1)

(b) Factorise 3y + 12

 $3\left(y+4\right) \tag{1}$

(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)

- 2 (a) Expand 5a(a-6)
 - (b) Solve 4(b+2) = 24

$$4b + 8 = 24$$
 $4b = 16$
 $b = 4$

 $5a^2 - 30a$ (2)

$$b = \underline{\qquad \qquad }$$

$$(2)$$

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)

- 3 (a) Factorise fully $12m + 8m^2$
 - (b) Solve 3(n-5) = 27

$$3n - 15 = 27$$

 $3n = 42$
 $n = 14$

$$4m(3+2m)$$
 (2)

$$n = 14$$
 (2)

(Total for Question 3 is 4 marks)

- 4
- (a) Expand 8(3s-2)

24s - 16

(b) Factorise 4t + 20

$$4(t+5)$$
(1)

(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)

- 5 (a) Factorise fully $5a^2b + 15ab^2$
 - (b) Solve 6(c-8) = 42 (2)
 - 6c 48 = 42

 $c = \frac{\int 5}{(2)}$

(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)

- 6 (a) Factorise 18x + 24
 - 6(3x+4)(b) Expand 3(2y-4)
 - 6y 12 (1)

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

- 7
- (a) Expand p(p-3)

 $p^2 - 3p$ (1)

(b) Factorise 16q + 8

8 (29 + 1)

(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)

- 8 (a) Factorise fully $6x^2 4xy$
 - (b) Solve 2(w-4) = 13
 - 2w 8 = 13 2w = 21 $w = \frac{21}{2}$

- $\frac{2x(3x-2y)}{(2)}$
- $w = \frac{21}{2} \text{ or } 10.5$

(Total for Question 8 is 4 marks)

- 9 (a) Factorise $x^2 9x$
 - (b) Expand 6(5y + 1)

- $\frac{\chi(\chi-9)}{(1)}$
- 30 y + 6 (1)

(Total for Question 9 is 2 marks)

$$15x - 24$$
 (1)

(b) Factorise 18y + 15

$$3(6y+5)$$

(Total for Question 10 is 2 marks)

11 (a) Expand 7(2h-3)

(b) Expand and Simplify
$$4(g+5)+3(g-2)$$

$$14h - 21$$
 (1)

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)

12 (a) Factorise fully 7xy + 21x

(b) Solve
$$6(p+3) = 42$$

$$7x(y+3)$$

$$6p + 18 = 42$$

 $6p = 24$
 $p = 4$

$$p =$$
 (2)

(Total for Question 12 is 4 marks)

13 (a) Expand
$$a(a+b)$$

$$a^2 + ab$$

(b) Factorise
$$15y - 6$$

$$3(5y-2)$$

(Total for Question 13 is 2 marks)

14 (a) Expand
$$9x(3y - 8)$$

(b) Expand and Simplify
$$7(t-4) + 5(t-2)$$

$$27xy - 72x$$

$$7t - 28 + 5t - 10$$
 $7t - 28 + 5t - 10$

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)

15 (a) Factorise fully
$$30x^3 + 12x$$

(b) Solve
$$5(f-2) = 22$$

$$\frac{6x(5x^2+2)}{(2)}$$

$$5f - 10 = 22$$

 $5f = 32$
 $f = \frac{32}{5}$

$$f = \frac{32}{5}$$
 or 6.4

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

- 16
- (a) Expand x(8x + 1)

 $8x^2 + x$ (1)

(b) Factorise 18 + 63y

9(2+7y)

(Total for Question 16 is 2 marks)

- 17 (a) Expand $2x^2(4x-9)$
 - (b) Expand and Simplify 6(y+3)-5(y-4)
 - 6y +18 5y + 20
- $8x^3 18x^2$ (2)
- y + 38 (2)

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

- 18 (a) Factorise fully $30a^2 + 40ab$
 - (b) Solve 3(g+9) = 21

$$3g + 27 = 21$$

 $3g = -6$
 $g = -2$

10a (3a+4b)

$$g = \frac{2}{(2)}$$

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)

19 (a) Expand n(5n + 1)

 $5n^2 + n \tag{1}$

(b) Factorise 18m + mn

 $\frac{m(18+n)}{(1)}$

(Total for Question 19 is 2 marks)

20 (a) Expand $3x(7x^2 - y)$

 $2/x^3 - 3xy$ (2)

- (b) Expand and Simplify 3(6y + 5) 2(4y 1)
 - 189+15 -89 + 2
- 10 y + 17 (2)

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

21 (a) Factorise fully $18a^2bc + 30abc^2$

6abc (3a + 5c)

- (b) Expand and Simplify 4(2y-7) 3(5y-3)
 - 89-28-159 +9
- -7y 19

(Total for Question 21 is 4 marks)